

About the NAREEE Advisory Board

USDA's NAREEE Advisory Board advises and makes recommendations to the Secretary of Agriculture on top priorities and policies for food and agricultural research, education, extension, and economics.

Other Board activities include:

- Evaluate the results and effectiveness of agricultural research, extension, education, and economics with respect to the policies and priorities.
- Review and make recommendations on USDA's Research, Education, and Economics (REE) strategic plan.

- Review the mechanisms and effectiveness of USDA technology assessments.
- Consult with industry groups on agricultural research, extension, education, and economics.
- Perform an annual review of the relevance of REE programs to the established USDA priorities and funding adequacy.

The Board's main objective is to provide stakeholder feedback and science-based information to USDA research agencies and leadership to ensure effective federal agriculture research, education, and economics programs.

NAREEE Advisory Board Membership

The Board is statutorily required to have 15 appointed members from four categories:





Three members from National Farm or Producer Organizations





Two members from **Academic or Research Societies**





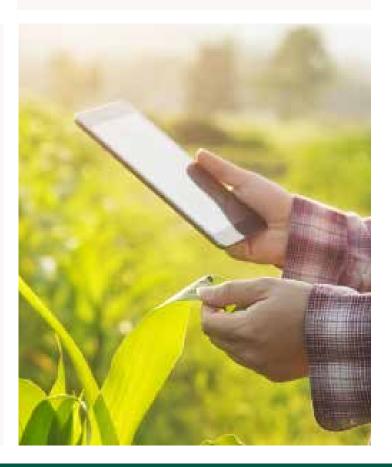




Five members from **Agricultural Research**, **Extension**, and **Education**



Five members from **Industry, Consumer,** or **Rural Interests**



The Advisory Board's Committees and Subcommittees

There are four committees and subcommittees associated with the Board. Each has its own membership that is separate from Board membership.



- Established as a permanent subcommittee in the 2014 Farm Bill.
- Provides advice and recommendations to USDA on citrus research, extension, and development needs.
- Performs an annual consultation with the National Institute
 of Food and Agriculture to provide recommendations on the
 priorities, budget, and agenda for the Emergency Citrus Disease
 Research and Extension Program (ECDRE). The ECDRE Program
 funds research projects, evaluated by the CDS, for mitigating
 Citrus Greening Disease.



- Permanent committee.
- Studies the scope and effectiveness of research, extension, and economics programs affecting the specialty crop industry. Legislation defines "specialty crops" as fruits, vegetables, tree nuts, dried fruits, and nursery crops (including floriculture).
- Develops a report containing the findings of its studies and recommendations regarding:
 - Programs to improve the efficiency, productivity, and profitability of U.S. specialty crop production.
 - USDA's efforts to improve competitiveness in research, extension, and economics programs affecting the specialty crop industry.
- Addresses the critical needs of the specialty crop industry by assessing the objectives and procedures of the Specialty Crop Research Initiative (SCRI).
 - SCRI sponsors grants to support research addressing key challenges of national, regional, and multi-state importance.



- The Pollinator Subcommittee is advisory in nature and will be asked to make pollinator health-related recommendations, reviews, and consultations to the NAREEE Board.
- Advise the NAREEE Board on current understanding of annual pollinator research priorities, consistent with the 2018 Farm Bill.
- Advise USDA on best available science in informing specific USDA pollinator programmatic or policy needs.
- The USDA Departmental Honey Bee and Pollinator Research Coordinator will serve as an ex-officio member.



- **National Genetic Resources Advisory Council (NGRAC)**
- Established in the 1992 Farm Bill and rechartered in 2012 as a NAREEE Advisory Board subcommittee.
- Advises and makes recommendations to the Secretary and the Director of the National Genetic Resources Program (NGRP) on matters related to the Program's activities, policies, and operations. The NGRP acquires, characterizes, conserves, documents, and distributes to scientists germplasm of all life forms important for food and agricultural production.
- The Germplasm Resources Information Network (GRIN)
 documents animal, microbial, and plant collections through
 informational pages, searchable databases, and links to projects
 that curate the collections. NGRP and GRIN are managed by
 USDA's Agricultural Research Service (ARS).



Revised January 2024